### **Federal Emergency Management Agency**

the WYO Accounting Procedures Manual. The National Flood Insurance Program's (NFIP) Bureau and Statistical Agent will analyze the transactions reported under the TRRP Plan and submit a monthly report to the WYO company and to us. The analysis will cover the timeliness of the WYO submissions, the disposition of transactions that do not pass systems edits, and the reconciliation of the totals generated from transaction reports with those submitted on the WYO Company's reports. (Parts 2 and 6).

- (D) Cooperate with FEMA's Office of Financial Management on Letter of Credit matters.
- (E) Cooperate with us in the implementation of a claims reinspection program (Part 3).
- (F) Cooperate with us in the verification of risk rating information.
- (G) Cooperate with FEMA's Office of Inspector General on matters pertaining to fraud
- (d) This Plan incorporates by reference a separate document, "The Write Your Own Program Financial Control Plan Requirements and Procedures," that contains the following parts, each of which is incorporated by reference into and is applicable to the Financial Control Plan:
- (1) Part 1—Financial Audits, Audits for Cause, and State Insurance Department Audits;
- (2) Part 2—Transaction Record Reporting and Processing Plan Reconciliation Procedures;
- (3) Part 3—Claims Reinspection Program;
- (4) Part 4—Report Certifications and Signature Authorization;
- (5) Part 5—Transaction Record Reporting and Processing Plan;
- (6) Part 6—Write Your Own (WYO) Accounting Procedures Manual; and
  - (7) Part 7—Operation Review Procedures.
- (e) Interested members of the public may obtain a copy of "The Write Your Own Program Financial Control Plan Requirements and Procedures" by contacting the FEMA Distribution Center, P.O. Box 2012, Jessup, MD 20794."

[64 FR 56176, Oct. 18, 1999]

## PART 63—IMPLEMENTATION OF SECTION 1306(c) OF THE NA-TIONAL FLOOD INSURANCE ACT OF 1968

### Subpart A—General

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AUTHORITY: 42 U.S.C. 4001  $et\ seq.$ ; Reorganization Plan No. 3 of 1978; E.O. 12127.

Source: 53 FR 36975, Sept. 23, 1988, unless otherwise noted.

## Subpart A—General

# §63.1 Purpose of part.

The purpose of this part is to implement section 1306(c) of the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968, as amended (the Act). Section 544 of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1987 (Pub. L. 100-242) amended the Act by adding subsection (c) to section 1306 of the Act. Under this amendment, effective February 5, 1988, section 1306(c) of the Act provides for benefit payments under the Standard Flood Insurance Policy (SFIP) for demolition or relocation of a structure insured under the Act that is located along the shore of a lake or other body of water and that is certified by an appropriate State or local land use authority to be subject to imminent collapse or subsidence as a result of erosion or undermining caused by waves or currents of water exceeding anticipated cyclical levels. This part establishes criteria by which States can obtain the approval of the Administrator to make these

### § 63.2

certifications and sets forth the procedures and data requirements to be used by those States in making these certifications. This part also contains provisions regarding other aspects of section 1306(c) of the Act. For example, there are provisions regarding section 1306(c)(6)(B) of the Act (which provides for condemnation in lieu of certification), including clarification as to the form of condemnation issued under a State or local law that is required.

# §63.2 Condemnation in lieu of certification.

- (a) The condemnation required by section 1306(c)(6)(B) of the Act in lieu of certification need not be grounded in a finding that the structure is subject to imminent collapse or subsidence as a result of erosion, but may be issued for other reasons deemed sufficient by the State or local authority.
- (b) The condemnation may be in the form of a court order or other instrument authorized by State or local law, e.g., a notification to the property owner of an unsafe condition, or unsanitary condition, or other deficiency at the property address, coupled with a statement that the property owner must vacate the property if the condition giving rise to the condemnation notice is not cured by repair, removal, or demolition of the building by a date certain.
- (c) In addition to a condemnation in accordance with paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section, a structure must be found by the Administrator to be subject to imminent collapse or subsidence as a result of erosion or undermining caused by waves or currents of water exceeding anticipated cyclical levels to be eligible for benefits under section 1306(c) of the Act.

# § 63.3 Requirement to be covered by a contract for flood insurance by June 1, 1988.

The requirement in section 1306(c)(4)(C)(i) of the Act that a structure be "covered by a contract for flood insurance under this title—(i) on or before June 1, 1988" was met if presentation of the appropriate premium and a properly completed flood insurance application form was made to the National Flood Insurance Program or a

Write Your Own (WYO) Company on or before June 1, 1988.

#### §63.4 Property not covered.

Benefits under section 1306(c) of the Act do not include compensation for items excluded under the provisions of the Standard Flood Insurance Policy (SFIP).

### §63.5 Coverage for contents removal.

Whenever a structure is subject to imminent collapse or subsidence as a result of erosion or undermining caused by waves or currents of water exceeding anticipated cyclical levels and otherwise meets the requirements of section 1306(c) of the Act so that benefits are payable under those provisions, the coverage in the definition of "Direct Physical Loss by or from Flood" in the SFIP for the expense of removing contents, up to the minimum deductible of \$500.00, to protect and preserve them from flood or from the imminent danger of flood, applies if contents coverage is in effect.

### §63.6 Reimbursable relocation costs.

In addition to the coverage described in §63.5 of this part, relocation costs for which benefits are payable under section 1306(c) of the Act include the costs of:

- (a) Removing the structure from the site,
  - (b) Site cleanup,
  - (c) Debris removal,
- (d) Moving the structure to a new site, and
- (e) At the new site, a new foundation and related grading, including elevating the structure as required by local flood plain management ordinances, and sewer, septic, electric, gas, telephone, and water connections at the building.

# § 63.7 Amount of coverage and deductible on effective date of condemnation or certification.

The amount of building coverage and the deductible applicable to a claim for benefits under section 1306(c) of the Act are what was in effect on the date of condemnation or the date of application for certification.

[53 FR 36975, Sept. 23, 1988, as amended at 53 FR 44193, Nov. 2, 1988]